



AWHONN Convention Symposiums

Ferring

Sunday, October 10 | 8-9 am and 9:30-10:30 am

Getting the Most Out of CERVIDIL (dinoprostone 10mg) Through Proper Administration: A Hands-on Training

Speaker: TBA

Description

Proper administration may help increase efficacy. In this session, attendees will learn the two essential elements needed to ensure proper administration of CERVIDIL. Attendees will also practice insertion and removal of CERVIDIL using the CERVIDIL training kit which consists of placebo inserts and an anatomical model. After the training, attendees will be allowed to take the training kit back to their hospital to share the learnings with colleagues.

Prolacta Bioscience

Sunday, October 10 | 10:30 am

Magic in Every Drop - The Bioactivity of Human Milk

Speaker: Mindy Fuzesy, RNC-NIC, MSL-BC, Medical Science Liaison, Neonatal and Pediatric Nursing

Description:

In addition to providing optimal nutrition for human infants, human milk is abundant in bioactive compounds that influence the newborn infant's developing body systems. Absence of these compounds in the infant diet has been shown to have potential negative effects, not only during infancy but into adulthood. This presentation will discuss several of the more abundant bioactive components of human milk, their role in growth, development, and health of the infant, and the impact various milk processing methods may have on those important bioactive compounds.

WaterWipes

Sunday, October 10 | 10:30 am

Diaper Dermatitis in Preterm and Full-Term Infants: Pathophysiology, Management, and Evidence-Based Recommendations

Speaker: Susan M. Bowles, DNP APRN-CNS, RNC-NIC, CBC

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Description:

Diaper Dermatitis is the most common skin condition seen in the NICU as well as in newborns and young infants. This course will review the etiology, pathophysiology, management, and evidence-based recommendations for the prevention and treatment of Diaper Dermatitis.

Learning Objectives:

1. Define Diaper Dermatitis
 2. Describe the pathogenesis of Diaper Dermatitis
 3. Identify infants at risk for Diaper Dermatitis
 4. Review the importance of using a scale to classify Diaper Dermatitis
 5. Discuss management options for Diaper Dermatitis
 6. Review the recommendations from NEONATAL SKIN CARE FOURTH EDITION EVIDENCE-BASED CLINICAL PRACTICE GUIDELINE by AWHONN and NANN"
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[Relias](#)

Monday, October 11 | 6am

The Results are In – “Mothers and Babies First” Win the Gold**Speakers**

- Jean Salera-Vieira, DNP, APRN-CNS, RNC-OB, C-EFM, C-ONQS - Director, Clinical Program Development, AWHONN
- Lora Sparkman, RN, BSN, MHA - Partner, Clinical Solutions, Relias - Facilitator
- Trina Jellison, RN, MSN - Group Vice President, Women’s Services, Providence St. Joseph
- Mindy Foster, VP Perinatal Safety, Common Spirit Health
- Winnie Palmer - TBD

Description

AWHONN and Relias are co-sponsors of a project titled: “Mothers and Babies First, A Perinatal Improvement Project.” The goal of this three-year (2017-2020) project was to bring perinatal safety thought leaders together to test a blended learning model of education and training.

- The model consisted of components of E-Learning, instructor lead learning, simulation, and team training, etc. These thought leaders implemented education solutions to meet their organizational needs individually but did use some levels of all the elements.
- The hypothesis was simply that organizations that use this model of educational from resources provided by AWHONN and Relias and potentially from other sources, can identify and manage their variation in Knowledge and Judgement in the highest risk areas of obstetrics.
- These organization all experienced improvement over the three years of the project.

We will be highlighting the success and improvement as well as learn from their best practices in educational strategy, goals, models, and outcomes achieved.

[CooperSurgical](#)

Monday, October 11 | 6am

Decreasing the Risk for Maternal and Fetal Morbidities During Cesarean Delivery at Full Dilation

Speaker: Deborah Marie Ebert MSN, RN, NEA-BC, CNOR, CCRN-K, CPAN, CAPA, AVP
Perioperative Services

Description

Despite national initiatives designed to reduce the frequency of cesarean deliveries, about a third of deliveries in the United States continue to be performed via this procedure. In every delivery, the clinical team is committed to making evidence-based decisions that decrease the risk of maternal and fetal morbidity. When a cesarean delivery is performed in the second stage of labor, both the mother and the fetus are at risk of additional complications. Moreover, the procedure for a second-stage/full-dilation cesarean delivery may not be well understood by all members of the obstetric team. Ensuring the health and safety of both the mother and the fetus requires that the team be aware of all potential morbidities associated with this scenario and that they be prepared to use the technique associated with the best outcomes. This education activity will review the anatomical landmarks and normal progress of labor and delivery, discuss the incidence and risks associated with cesarean delivery at full dilation, and describe interventions available to manage this challenging scenario, focusing on the use of a cephalic elevation device.

LEARNER OBJECTIVES:

After completing this continuing education activity, the participant should be able to:

1. Summarize the stages of labor as they relate to second-stage cesarean delivery (cesarean delivery at full dilation).
2. Discuss the complications associated with second-stage cesarean delivery.
3. Describe national guidelines related to reducing maternal and fetal morbidities during the birthing process.
4. Discuss options for decreasing the risk for injury to the mother and the fetus during second-stage cesarean delivery at full dilation, focusing on the use of a cephalic elevation device.

March of Dimes

Monday, October 12 | 12 noon

An Update on Maternal Morbidity and Mortality in the United States

Speaker: Kathleen Rice Simpson, PhD, RNC, FAAN, Editor-in-Chief of MCN The American Journal of Maternal Child Nursing

Description

Maternal mortality rates in the United States compare very unfavorably with other high-income countries. Overall, 96 more women died while pregnant or within 42 days of their pregnancy in 2019 than in 2018 (754 compared with 658). There were 20.1 deaths per 100,000 live births in 2019, an increase from 17.4 per 100,000 in 2018. Black women continued to experience the highest rate of maternal mortality compared with White women and Hispanic women. Black women's maternal mortality rate of 44 deaths per 100,000 in 2019 was 2.5 times the mortality rate of 17.9 for White women, more evidence of racial disparity and health care inequities that must be addressed to improve maternity care and outcomes. A summary of maternal mortality data will be presented along with a call to action and specific strategies for perinatal nurses to continue to take a leadership role in efforts to reduce the unacceptably high maternal mortality

in the United States.

[Pacira](#)

Monday, October 11 | 12 Noon

ERAS for C-Section: The Nursing Perspective

Speaker: Kim Duggan MHA, BSN, RN-C

Description

- The initiation of the ERAS protocols have been utilized in many hospitals nationwide to address the opioid epidemic that is affecting mothers and newborns and the comfort of postpartum women during recovery
 - Nurses are well positioned to collaborate with medical and leadership teams to implement these types of protocols for patients
 - The discussion will explore how successful multimodal pain management protocols and enhanced recovery after C-section can support improved patient outcomes as well as contemplate the future vision for maternity care
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[Pampers](#)

Tuesday, October 12 | 6am

Critical Insights and Recent Advances in Neonatal Skin Care

Speakers

- Marty O. Visscher, PhD, Professor of Skin Pharmaceutics and Cosmetic Science
- James L. Winkle College of Pharmacy, University of Cincinnati, Cincinnati, OH
- Andrew N. Carr, PhD, Director of Clinical Sciences, Procter & Gamble, Cincinnati, Ohio

Description

This symposium on skin health will address:

- Premature and full-term infant skin structure, function, and development over first few months of life
 - The important role of vernix in the transition from womb to world
 - Diaper dermatitis, including causative factors, incidence rates, and how the factors interact
 - Skin care practices for newborn infants, overall skin care and advanced diaper skin care, that help maintain healthy skin right after birth and over the first few months
 - Clinical research that supports the recommended skin care practices and shows how diapers and wipes can impact skin health
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[Kimberly Clark Huggies](#)

Tuesday, October 12 | 5:15 pm

Be the Change You Want to See! Introducing the Respectful Maternity Care Framework and Evidence-Based Clinical Practice Guideline

Speakers: Panel Discussion led by Catherine Hill

- Catherine Hill MSN, FNP-BC (Senior Director, Nursing Education, Research, and Practice)
- Kelly McGlothen-Bell, PhD, RN, IBCLC, (Team Lead for the RMC Framework)
- Madelyne Greene, PhD, RN, (Team Lead for the RMC EBG)
- Rebecca Vahle, MA (Founder and Executive Director of Family to Family Support Network)

Description

Introduction of AWHONN's upcoming release of the first ever "Respectful & Safe Maternity Care Evidence-Based Practice Guideline".

Objective: Learn about the new education and resources for you and your teams currently in development from AWHONN. The guideline focuses on supporting maternal nurses to be able to provide the most respectful and safe care for birthing women, and the community around them, as they safely prepare for birth, postpartum recovery and at-home care.

This material is being developed through an educational grant sponsored by Huggies®.
